

Info chevaux



REQUIEM DE PYRENE

New-Forest, Male, Bai Fonce, né(e) en 2005, Étalon actif
 Sire: LEO DU CANOE New-Forest
 Dam: WILLOWAY DOUBLE DELIGHT (GBR)New-Forest
 Dam sire: WILLOWAY DOUBLE GOLD (GBR)New-Forest

Sport horses

 Consultez le détail des résultats en compétitions équestres sur FFE Compet

Performance in equestrian sports competitions

Indices are calculated in a similar manner for show jumping, eventing, and dressage to be able to compare the horse with a specified population.

Summary table of performance indices

| Discipline | Show jumping | Eventing | Dressage |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------|
| Best performance index | ISO 94 (0.46)* (2014) | ICC 78 (0.30)* (2023) | |

Indices last updated on : 2023

Summary table of genetic indices

| Discipline | Show jumping | Eventing | Dressage |
|--------------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Genetic index (CD) | -23 (0.63) | Indice non publié, CD trop faible | Indice non publié, CD trop faible |
| Lower limit | -34.8 | | |
| Mention sire | Déconseillé | | |

In blue : satisfactory index and/or coefficient

* Low CD so index inaccurate

Indices last updated on : 2023

 Learn more

Genetic indices (BSO, BCC, or BDR) of a sire or mare are the estimation of its hereditary potential. It concerns the horse's ability to perform in equestrian competitions (show jumping, eventing, or dressage) based on available information. It should always be used with its coefficient of determination (CD). The higher the CD, the more accurately this genetic index reflects the sire's genetic potential which could be transmitted to his progeny.

- **CD<0.20** - Too low: Genetic index not provided: Too inaccurate as not enough information is available.
- **0.20<CD<0.30** - Low: Genetic index obtained solely based on the competition performance of ancestors (parents, grand-parents) and indirect lineage (brothers, cousins, etc.): Expressed by a global index of the foal's pedigree.
- **0.30<CD<0.50** - Intermediate: Genetic indices obtained through the horse's own performances, the performance of its ancestors (parents, grandparents) and indirect lineage (brothers, cousins, etc.): Moderate accuracy but sufficient to select sires and broodmares based on their first season of competition.
- **0.50<CD<0.70** - Good: Genetic index including the performances of the first foals: Fairly accurate.
- **CD>0.70** - High: Genetic indices obtained by combining the performances of ancestors, own performances, and the performances of a number of its progeny: Very accurate which can only be obtained for sires already commonly used for breeding allowing them to be used with certainty.

History of performance indices (Indices followed by their coefficient of accuracy)

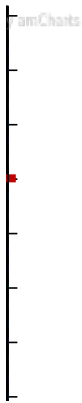
| Year | Show jumping | | | Eventing | | | Dressage | | |
|------|--------------------|-----------------------|-------|--------------------|-----------------------|-------|--------------------|-----------------------|-------|
| | Index of the horse | Level of horses found | | Index of the horse | Level of horses found | | Index of the horse | Level of horses found | |
| | | Average index | Staff | | Average index | Staff | | Average index | Staff |
| 2023 | 93 (0.65) | 101 | 228 | 78 (0.30)* | 89 | 21 | | | |
| 2016 | 62 (0.23)* | 100 | 38 | | | | | | |
| 2015 | 68 (0.45)* | 101 | 53 | | | | | | |
| 2014 | 94 (0.46)* | 92 | 62 | | | | | | |
| 2013 | 87 (0.50)* | 95 | 168 | | | | | | |
| 2010 | 53 (0.35)* | 94 | 83 | | | | | | |

In blue : satisfactory index and/or coefficient


* Low CP (coefficient of precision), so index not accurate (meaning that this horse does not compete regularly and/or has not competed against many other horses)

Indices last updated on : 2023

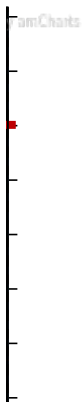
Representation: Show jumping, horses over 7 years




🔍 histogram legend

This histogram helps situate the horse's index in relation to a population of horses of the same age. The red dot  corresponds to the horse studied.
In blue, the histogram presents the number of horses that correspond to each value of the index on the horizontal scale.

Representation: Eventing, horses over 7 years



🔍 histogram legend

This histogram helps situate the horse's index in relation to a population of horses of the same age. The red dot  corresponds to the horse studied.
In blue, the histogram presents the number of horses that correspond to each value of the index on the horizontal scale.